

Properties of Arithmetic

Warmup: Show each step on paper, then check your answer on the website.

1. $2 + 3 + 8 + 7 =$

2. $2 + 8 + 3 + 7 =$

Equivalent Expressions:

3. Multiply: $5 \times 3 \times 4 \times 2 =$

4. Multiply: $5 \times 2 \times 3 \times 4 =$

5. True or False: $10 \div 2 = 2 \div 10$

6. True or False: $7 - 3 = 3 - 7$

7. Calculate $5 + 0 =$

8. Calculate $12 \cdot 1 =$

9. Calculate $8 \cdot 0 =$

10. $y + \underline{\hspace{2cm}} = y$

Properties of Arithmetic

- I. Commutative Property of Addition and Multiplication
- II. Associative Property of Addition and Multiplication
- III. Identity Properties of Addition and Multiplication
- IV. Multiplicative Property of Zero
- V. Mixed Review of Properties

Homeschool



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Pre-Algebra and Geometry I

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I. Commutative Property of Addition and Multiplication.

Commutative Property of Addition:

the order in which numbers are added does not change their sum.

$$3 + 6 = \underline{\quad} + 3$$

$$\underline{\quad} + 4 = 4 + b$$

11. $2 + 4 = 4 + \underline{\quad}$

13. $x + \underline{\quad} = y + x$

Commutative Property of

Multiplication: the order in which numbers are multiplied does not change their product.

$$7 \cdot 3 = \underline{\quad} \cdot 7$$

$$\underline{\quad} \cdot 8 = 8 \cdot b$$

12. $\underline{\quad} \cdot 6 = 6 \cdot 5$

14. $x \cdot y = y \cdot x$

II. Associative Property of Addition and Multiplication.

Associative Property of Addition: the grouping of the addends does not change their sum.



Associative Property of Multiplication: the grouping of the factors does not change their product.

$$(2 + 4) + 6 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} + (4 + 6)$$

$$(3 \cdot 5) \cdot 2 = 3 \cdot (5 \cdot 2) =$$

$$18. (c+9)+15$$

$$(y \cdot 2) \cdot 3 = y \cdot (2 \cdot 3) =$$

$$(a + 5) + 6 =$$

$$16. (5 + \underline{\hspace{2cm}}) + 2 = 5 + (8 + 2)$$

$$17. (6 \cdot 4) \cdot \underline{\hspace{2cm}} = 6 \cdot (4 \cdot 5)$$

III. Identity Properties of Addition and Multiplication.

Identity Property of

Addition: The sum of an addend and zero is the addend.



Identity Property of

Multiplication: The product of a factor and one is the factor.

$$5+0=$$

$$__ + 9 = 9$$

$$4(1) =$$

$$(__)x = x$$

$$a + __ = a$$

IV. Multiplicative Property of Zero.

Multiplicative Property of Zero:

The product of a factor and zero is zero.

$$3(0) =$$

$$(\underline{\quad})x = 0$$

$$a(\underline{\quad}) = 0$$